BBC LEARNING ENGLISH Take Away English 随身英语 Living under the sea

BBC LEARNING ENGLISH 英语教学

人类能在水下生活吗?

词汇: underwater living 水下生活

There are people living in almost every corner of our crowded planet. From the tops of mountains to deep **underground**, we've always been able to find **habitable** places to make a home. But with space at a premium, we've started to look even deeper for somewhere to live.

Throughout history, people have been fascinated by the idea of living **underwater**. More recently, the effects of human activity on the land have led some to look to the **oceans** for natural resources. **Oceanographers** and **architects** have looked at designing **vessels**, labs and underwater **habitats** to enable people to live and work in a **submerged** world. But, while dreams of an **aquatic city** have remained a fantasy, how close are we to making our home on **the seabed** a reality?

The pioneer of **undersea living** was Ian Koblick, sometimes described as an '**aquanaut**'. He claimed technology already existed to create underwater colonies supporting up to a hundred people. He even opened La Chalupa, once the largest and most advanced underwater habitat and research facility in the world.

A more recent and ambitious design for an underwater city is Ocean Spiral. Designed by the Japanese Shimizu Corporation, it's a huge transparent globe attached to the seabed. It's got a tower running through it to the surface, providing space for homes, offices and even an amusement park for five thousand residents. Masaki Takeuchi from the company told the BBC: "Our idea is to connect **the sea surface** and **the deep sea vertically**, and that way we believe that we can utilise the capability of the deep sea."

Of course, there are engineering challenges in constructing an **oceanic metropolis**. And living underwater would have major effects on the human body, especially as there is an increase in atmospheric pressure which could lead to the bends. So, maybe it's too soon to be packing our bags and setting up a new life three thousand metres under the sea!

underground	在地面以下的
habitable	可居住的,适于居住的
underwater	在海面下的
ocean	海洋
oceanographer	海洋学家
architect	建筑师
vessel	船,舰
habitat	栖息地
submerged	潜入水中的
aquatic city	水中都市
the seabed	海床,海底
undersea living	水下生活
aquanaut	海底实验室工作人员
the sea surface	海面
the deep sea	深海
vertically	垂直地
oceanic metropolis	海洋大都市

测验与练习

1. 阅读课文并回答问题。

1. Why might we want to look for somewhere to live other than on land?

2. According to this article, who was seen as the pioneer of undersea living?

3. How many people could live in Ocean Spiral?

4. True or false? *Living in an underwater city is now a reality.*

5. Name two problems of living underwater mentioned in the article.

2. 选择意思恰当的单词或词组来完成下列句子。

1. We bought a very old house, and it has taken a lot of work to make it ______.

habitat	habits	habitable	habittable	
2. I love going to the aquarium and looking at all the life.				
submerge	aquatic	oceanographer	aquanaut	
3. The have designed a building that is functional but looks amazing.				
architect	architecture	architects	architectural	
4. All the in the street had to leave their homes because of a gas leak.				
residents	residentials	resides	resident	
5. The huge was on route to England when it hit the rocks and sank.				
globe	seabed	pioneer	vessel	

1. 阅读课文并回答问题。

1. Why might we want to look for somewhere to live other than on land?

Space on land is at a premium – it is in short supply.

2. According to this article, who was seen as the pioneer of undersea living?

The pioneer of undersea living was Ian Koblick, sometimes described as an 'aquanaut'.

3. How many people could live in Ocean Spiral?

Ocean Spiral is a huge transparent globe attached to the seabed with space for five thousand residents.

4. True or false? *Living in an underwater city is now a reality.*

False. There have been many ideas for an underwater city, but it is not a reality yet.

5. Name two problems of living underwater mentioned in the article.

There are engineering challenges in constructing an oceanic metropolis, and living underwater would have major effects on the human body.

- 2. 选择意思恰当的单词或词组来完成下列句子。
- 1. We bought a very old house, and it has taken a lot of work to make it **habitable**.
- 2. I love going to the aquarium and looking at all the **aquatic** life.
- 3. The **architects** have designed a building that is functional but looks amazing.
- 4. All the **residents** in the street had to leave their homes because of a gas leak.
- 5. The huge **vessel** was on route to England when it hit the rocks and sank.